# Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

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*The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.*

LANDING,
*From the Schooner Sally,*
At Massey's Wharff.
*a quantity of First Quality*
Surinam Cotton & Coffee.
for sale by
ISAAC HARVEY. jun.
No. 9, South Water-street
*ALSO ON HAND,*
Russia Duck, first quality
Aux Cayes Molasses,
Packages of Men and Women's Combs.
may 1 d2w

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
On Willing and Francis's Wharf,
200 Gin Cases,
Also, a few bales of Bengal Goods.
G. WILLING.
Feb. 28. 3taw.

*Just Received,*
By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg, and for sale by the Subscribers,
89 tons best St. Petersburgh Hemp
599 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Persian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 casks Bristles
8 bales Ticklenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowlas
Creas a la Morlaix
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
10 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.
*Erick & Lewis Bollmann.*
No. 100 Spruce-street.
april 27. dtf

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.
Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,
the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
25 Chests of Young Hyson Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.
HIGBEE & MILNOR.
march 21.

*Landing,*
From brig ENTERPRISE, at Jackson & Morris's Wharf,
80 Hhds prime Jamaica Sugars } *entitled to*
40 do. Rum } *drawback*
AND FOR SALE
*Wharton & Lewis,*
No. 115, south Front street.
*Who have also for sale,*
Madeira wine in pipes and half pipes
New-England Rum
Ground Ginger, &c. &c.
april 27 §

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.
Hyson,
Hyson Skin,
Young Hyson, & } TEAS.
Souchong.
Canton and Garden Fans,
Nankeens,
China Ware, assorted.
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches,
Silk Handkerchiefs,
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks.
*They have also remaining on Hand*
Black Persians, Choppa and Pullicat Romalls,
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual.
*Thomas & Joshua Fisher.*
4th mo 26 §

TO BE LET,
Two Good Counting Houses
On the south side of Walnut-street Wharf.
Enquire of
JAMES YARD.
april 18. eod4w

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
14 four pound Cannon, different lengths,
5 Carronades.
JOHN NIXON & CO.
December 1. §

*FOR SALE,*
50,000 feet of Bay Mahogany,
15 tons of Logwood.
JAMES YARD.
may 4. d1w

At a Court of Common Pleas held at Pittsburgh for the county of Allegheny, the first Monday of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and ninety nine—Before the Hon. Alexander Addison, Esq. President, John M'Dowell, John Gibson, George Thompson and George Wallace, Esqrs. Associate Judges of the same court.

ON the petition of Alexander Sumrall, a prisoner in the jail of said county, praying to be discharged according to the provisions of the act of assembly, made for the relief of insolvent debtors. The court order, that the said prisoner be brought before them at Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of June next, that his petition and his creditors may be then heard—and direct that notice of his application be published in the Gazette of the United States, and in the Pittsburgh Gazette, and continue three weeks in each, the last of which shall be at least two weeks before the time of hearing.

By the Court,
JAMES BRISON, Proth'y.
april 19 12aw3w&20M.

*ROSS & SIMSON,*
HAVE FOR SALE,
300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Russia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels.
A few bales Bengal } COSSAS
} HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St Martins Salt.
april 11 §

The Subscribers have for sale, at their Compaing house, No. 35, Dock-street,
White and red Lead
Patent shot, No. 1 to 8, B & BB
Hemp
Bourdeaux Brandy, 1st and 4th proof
Claret in cases, first quality
One trunk of Umbrellas
Three Cases consisting of
Brass and Wood Compasses
Amplitude do.
Day and night Glasses, and
Sewing Twine
100 Cutlasses
4000 bushels Liverpool Salt.
THOMAS MURGATROYD & SONS.
april 11 mwf 3w

*TO BE SOLD,*
An Invoice of Woollens,
CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres
Apply to
*Owen & Jonathan Jones,*
No 151 Market-street.
april 29 §

*F. KISSELMAN,*
Has for sale, at no. 105 south Water street,
Cognac Brandy, 1st 3d & 4th proof
Jamaica spirits, 4th proof,
St. Croix } RUM.
New England
Sherry
Lisbon } WINES
Port
Malaga
Molasses
Sugar
Coffee
And various kinds of Groceries.
april 11 3aw3w

Richard Bayley & Co.
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that the Retail Business carried on by them at their Store, No. 136, Market-street, will in future be carried on by Mr. WM. BONNAR, whom they beg leave to recommend to the favor of their friends and the public.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the above firm and those to whom they are indebted, will please to apply to JOHN WHITESIDES & Co. or the settlement of their respective accounts, who are duly empowered for that purpose.
*Richard Bayley & Co.*

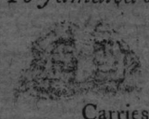
*WILLIAM BONNAR,*
RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that the above Store will be opened by him on Monday the 4th of February next, with an assortment of
DRY GOODS,
Suitable to the season, which he flatters himself will meet the approbation of those who honor him with their favor.
jan 29. §

FOR SALE
By SIMON WALKER,
*Pine, near Fifth-street,*
WOOLWICH proof Cannon—9 pounders, 6 1-2 feet long, 20 cwt. each, and 7 feet long, 25 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. completed
ditto—6 pounders, 5 1-2 feet long, 15 cwt. each, and 6 feet long, 18 cwt. each, with carriages, &c. complete;
Carronades on sliding carriages, 12, 18 & 24 pounders, weighing 6 1-2, 8 and 13 cwt. each;
Boarding Pikes and Cutlasses;
English Cannon Powder;
Copper Sheathing Nails. Spikes and Bolts;
6, 9 12, 18 and 24lb. round Shot;
6, 9, 18 and 24lb. double-headed do.
9, 18 and 24lb. Cannister Shot.
Also—a quantity of best English, Porter, Claret and Port Wine Bottles,
Taunton Ale in casks of 7 dozen each.
march 8. 2aw tf

Copper Warehouse,
*Late ALEXANDER BISLAND, & Co.*
No. 201, MARKET-STREET,
ROBERT KID,
HAVING purchased the Stock of the above firm, Solicits the patronage of the public and their friends; where they may depend on being served on the very best terms with the following goods:
—*viz.*—
A general assortment of Copper Bottoms and Sheets, for Copper Smiths and other purposes,
Pig and Bar Lead,
Block Tin and Crowley Steel,
Tin in Boxes, and Brass Kettles in Nests,
With a large and general assortment of Ironmongery.
feb. 16. d1w w&stf

JOHN MILLER, junr.
HAS REMOVED FROM NO. 8, CHESNUT,
*To the Five Story Building, in Dock, near Third-street,*
WHERE HE HAS FOR SALE,
300 Bales of Bengal Goods;
CONSISTING OF
COSSAS
Baftas
Mamoodies
Humhums
Taffaties
Striped Doreas
Calicoes
Handkerchiefs, *&c. &c.*
*Also, a large assortment of*
Madras Handkerchiefs,
of various descriptions.
January 1 1awtf

English wrought Nails.
*Imported in the ships Molly and Diana, from* LIVERPOOL.
400 Casks of Nails,
CONSISTING of 6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, flat points suitable for the southern market—6d, 8d, 10d, 12d, and 20d, fine drawn sharps—also 2, 3, 4, and 6 clouts—1prigs—tucks—scupper nails—sheathing nails, *&c.*
FOR SALE BY,
*Robert Denison, junr.*
127 Market-street

*FOR CHARTER.*
*To Jamaica or the Havanna, out only,*
The Brigantine

*JAMES.*
*JACOB C. RAMBO, master.*
Carries about 800 barrels.
If not chartered in a few days will take in freight
*For NEW-ORLEANS.*
ENQUIRE OF
*John Skyrin,*
No. 96, North Front-street.
may 2 d6t

FOR SALE,

THE
Schooner NANCY,
*Thomas Hallam, Master,*
BURTHEN about 71 tons; is a stout, staunch built vessel, four years old, and sails very fast.
Apply to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
april 30. d1ot

SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,
*And Commission Store,*
No. 119, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.
THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker.——He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist masters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps.
Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters.—From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands. *SAMUEL EMERY.*
november 19 2aw

*For Sale,*

A NEW VESSEL,
launched in August, or September last, 48 feet keel, 19 feet beam, and 8 feet hold, consequently about 91 tons, strongly built of white oak, and now lying at Sinnepuxent, in the state of Maryland. For further particulars, enquire of
WILLIAM WINDER,
At the Navy Office, Walnut street.
april 10, 1799 3aw tf

FOR LONDON,

*THE SHIP*
WOODDROP SIMS
John B. Hodgson, Commander
Will sail with all expedition, the greater part of her cargo being ready to go on board, and will return an early fall ship. For freight or passage apply on board said ship, lying at the subscriber's wharf, or to
JOSEPH SIMS,
No. 155, South Water-street.
april 24. d2w

For Sale,
The Ship NEPTUNE,
now laying at Walnut street wharf, with her tackle and apparel as she came from sea; her burthen is 233 tons. For terms, apply to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
*The consignees of goods on board the above vessel, are requested to take out their Permits so soon as possible, as the ship will begin discharging to-morrow morning.*
*april 12.* dtf

*A Summer Retreat.*
FOR SALE,
Sixteen Acres of Land,
*About half a mile from the city of Philadelphia,*
THERE are on the premises a one story brick house 38 feet front, a stable and corn crib, a well of excellent water, and a few fruit trees, the situation is perhaps superior to any within the same distance of the city, and commands one of the most beautiful and picturesque prospects of the city, Kensington, the Delaware and Jerseys,
Enquire of EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
march 4 eodtf

Samuel Miles, jun'r.
Of the city of Philadelphia, merchant, having assigned over all his effects, real, personal and mixed, to the subscribers, for the benefit of such of his creditors as may subscribe to the said assignment on or before the first of August next.
Notice is hereby given,
To all persons indebted to the said estate, that they are requested to make immediate payment to either of the assignees, or to the said Samuel Miles, who is authorised to receive the same; in failure whereof legal steps will be taken for the recovery of such debts, as are not discharged accordingly.
GEORGE ASTON,
CORNELIS COMEGYS, } Assignees
JOHN ALLEN,
feb. 14. 3awtf

*Notice.*
THE subscribers being appointed by the court of common pleas of the city and county, guardians to the person and estate of JONATHAN BEERE, now confined in a state of lunacy in the Pennsylvania Hospital—All persons holding his effects or indebted to him will pay or return the same immediately; and those having demands will present them duly authenticated, to
*Mary Beere,*
*Thomas Hurly,*
no. 16, Carter's alley.
Philadelphia, april 4 ¶1aw6w

*LONDON, January 2, 1799*
500 Guineas Reward.
LOST this evening, between five and six o'clock, in the neighbourhood of *Grace-church street*, a BLACK CASE, containing the following
*Bank Notes and Drafts,*
with sundry Bills of Exchange, not due:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| £1000 | No. 1919, dated 1 Dec. | 1798 | |
| 10 0 | 864, | 26 Nov. | Ditto |
| 1000 | 284, | 22 Dec | Ditto |
| 1000 | 1713, | 27 Oct. | Ditto |
| 1000 | 1714, | 27 Ditto | Ditto |
| A Draft on Messr. Hankey and Co. | | £53 | 13s. |
| Ditto | Dorien and Co. | 367 | 7 |
| Ditto | Carnet and Co. | 30 | 16 |
| Ditto | Stephenson and Co. | 52 | 4 |
| Ditto | Rogers and Co. | 33 | 16 |
| Ditto | Prescot and Co. | 37 | 18 |
| Ditto | Harcourt and Co. | 27 | 16 |
| Ditto | Smith, Payne and Co. | 20 | 15 |
| Ditto | Dorien and Co. | £45 | 7s 6d |
| Ditto | Le Fevre & Co. | 112 | 12 6 |
| Ditto | Ditto - - | 820 | 0 0 |

A bill drawn on Fleming & Wake Bow Lane, by Fleming, & payable to Ormord, dated Nov. 5, two months after date, value £20.—One ditto on Fell, No 32 Old Change, by Hall, and payable to Smith, dated Nov. 30, at two months after date, for £121 19s—One ditto on Saywell & sons, Wood-street, by Ball, and payable to Braddock, dated Dec. 19, at two months, for £30.—One ditto on Eden, Wood-street, by Williams, payable to order, dated Nov. 1. at three months for £30 2s—One ditto on Neale & Co. St. Paul's Church Yard, by Adams, and payable to Kencoright, dated Dec. 7th, at two months, for £14.—One ditto on Stewart, Red Cross Square, by Young, and payable to Marshall, dated Nov. 22, at two months, for £33. 2s. 9d.—One ditto on Royd's, Bucklersbury, by Lord, and payable to Jackson, dated Dec. 3. at two months, for £18.—One ditto on Miller and Co. Gracechurch street, by Redway, and pryable to Hartley, dated Dec. 6, at two months for £50.—One ditto on Spitta & co. Lawrence Pountney Lane, by Lange, and payable to Hoyle dated Nov. 4, at two months, for £161.
Whoever may have found the above, and will bring them to Messrs. Atkinson & Robson, No. 2 West End of Royal Exchange, shall immediately receive *Five Hundred Guineas* Reward without any further Trouble.
N. B. No greater Reward will be offered, as payment of the whole is stopped, and the loss made known throughout this Country and Continent
april 19 2aw2m

*Notice.*
A CERTIFICATE of one share of Bank of United States, stock standing in the name of DUGAS DE VALLON, having been lost or mislaid, applicatioa is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
*Abraham Van Beuren.*
march 20. d3m

*Philadelphia & Lancaster Turnpike Office.*
Philadelphia, April 22, 1799.
*WANTED,*
A Native Man, of good character, to superintend the Turnpike Road, he must be well recommended and give such security as may be required: for further information apply from the 7th to the 15th May next at this office.
Wm. GOVETT, secretary.
april 23 thf&s t11M

*NOTICE.*
ALL persons indebted to JOHN RILEY, of of West-Chester, in Chester county, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any demands are requested to bring in their accounts to either of the subscribers.
EBENEZER LARGE,
JOHN FRIES, } Assignees.
JOSEPH CLARK,
Philadelphia, april 23 c03w

*Notice.*
ALL persons indebted to the estate of John O'Conor of Warwick township, Bucks county, lately deceased, are requested to pay the same to the subscriber, and those who may have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts legally proved for payment to
STEPHEN MOYLAN, Executor.
april 22. d2w

*NOTICE.*
THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,
*Joshua B. Bond.*
*John Brooks.*
april 1 §

*NOTICE.*
ALL Persons having any Demands against the estate of the late Robert Hardie, mariner, deceased, are hereby requested to present them for settlement, and all those indebted to said estate, to make payment to either of the subscribers
PETER BAYNTON, *Walnut-street.*
JOHN CRAIG, *No. 12, Dock-street.* } *Executors*
jan. 14 3awtf

All Persons
Indebted to the Estate of HENRY HILL, deceased are requested to make payment to the subscriber and those having any demands on the same to produce their accounts for settlement.
GIDEON H. WELLS,
Agent to the Ex:
no. 135, Market street
Philadelphia, dec. 4, 1798 eotf

REMOVAL.
ROBERT COE & SON,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
*Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store,*
to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the Conestogoe Waggon, where they have for sale as usual, home manufactured and imported Brushes of almost every description, together with a general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Saddlery, and Brass wares, to which they expect by the spring vessels, an ample addition.
4th mo. 10. codtf

*For Sale,*
By WILIAM MOTT,
*No. 145, Market-street,*
Very low for CASH, or a short CREDIT,
A large assortment of printed cotton hand'fs.
Do. bandannas, Romalls and shawls,
2 Trunks printed cottons,
Best English lutestrings, modes,
7-4 superfine cloths,
Several packages assorted hand'fs unopened,
18 casks pewter assorted,
1 cask bar tin,
3 trunk ferrets 4d & 6d,
1 trunk furniture fringes,
Black and white laces and edgings.
may 11. 2awtf.

*To be Let,*
Near the corner of Market & Fourth streets,
A SPACIOUS
Back Store and a large Cellar,
Both well calculated for storing merchandize—Also a very good Stable and Coach-house for four horses. Enquire at
*No. 6, North Fourth Street.*
may 11 §

*Antigua & St. Kitts*
RUM & MOLASSES,
Now Landing, from the Prize Schooner Union,
AND FOR SALE BY
*Nicklin & Griffith,*
may 10 d6t

MISS CURRIE
Respectfully informs the Ladies of Philadelphia, that she is now
*SELLING OFF AN*
Elegant Assortment of Millenery,
At the first cost.
*Spruce street, No. 66.*
may 10 ¶tr.m.3w

UNITED STATES, } ss.
*Pennsylvania District.*
NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of Writs to me directed by the Hon. Richard Peters, Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States, in and for the Pennsylvania district, will be exposed to public sale at the Custom-house, in the City of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 16th day of May, (instant,
1 barrel of Sugar
2 barrels of Molasses
3 chests of Sugars
3 and a part of a bag of Coffee
1 small box of Coffee
2 bags of Sugar
2 small casks and
11 jars Tamarinds
4 kegs do
1 keg Sugar
2 hogsheads of Rum
7 casks of distilled spirits
4 boxes of Segar
A quantity of Queens Ware
2 Looking Glasses
13 Pictures
4 Salt Cellars
1 Needle and Thread Case
4 Loaves of Sugar.
The same having been libelled against, prosecuted and condemned as forfeited in the said Court.
*William Nichols,* marshal.
Marshal's Office, 1st May, 1799. }

MAIL COACHEES
*Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,*
LEAVE Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 11 o'clock, A. M.
*Returning.*
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.
*Between NEW-YORK and PHILADELPHIA.*
Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.
*Returning.*
Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.
*Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in New-York,*
At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.
*In Philadelphia.*
At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.
*In Baltimore.*
At Evans' Tavern.
Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.
The Proprietors are not responsible for Baggage. LEVI PEASE,
*Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.*
WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
*Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.*
General Post-Office, }
May 1. } §

*Mahogany.*
THE subscriber, intending to leave off, the Mahogany and Lumber Business, offers for sale at his yard, the corner of Queen and Water streets, Southwark, all his stock on hand, consisting of a great variety of
*St. Domingo and Bay Mahogany Boards, Plank and Scantling,*
All well seasoned and fit for immediate use.
Also a few thousand feet seasoned half-inch and inch White Pine Boards, and a small quantity of two feet cedar shingles.
All that shall remain unsold, will be disposed of at public sale, at 10 o'clock on Thursday the 28th instant. The terms of payment will be cash for purchases under 100 dollars, from 100 to 500 dollars at 60 days, and all above 500 dollars at 60 and 120 days, for approved indorsed notes, with the discount. The sale to be continued until the whole is disposed of.
JOHN M'CULLOH.
N. B. The subscriber will sell or let the above yard, wharf and dwelling house, which he now occupies.
march 4 eot 28May

# Lye Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, *MAY* 13.


*The following is an Extract from one of a series of papers under the signature of* LAOCOON, *in that valuable publication the* Boston Commercial Gazette.

" I will not therefore admit that the task of delineating the true character of the *deluded* mass of the Jacobins is unnecessary, or that by adhering to truth there will be a deviation from urbanity and candor. I will raise my feeble voice to expose the frailty of those hopes which too many repose on the *honesty* of the factious, and which incline them to behold the desperation of their measures without much fear, because they trust that the individuals of the party will flinch as soon as things approach towards extremities. This trust is a vain one. I am as ready as others to make excuses for the deluded of all parties. Of all the causes of seduction from virtue, perhaps, none is so powerful as the fellowship of party. But what then? are we still to maintain that party men are *honest*, when they have been long exposed to an influence which we know is almost irresistibly corrupting? We may, and we ought on this account the more deeply to deplore the ravages of the spirit of faction upon the morals and the sentiments of humanity. We are not however to deny the fact and insist upon reposing our confidence in the correct moral discernment of men whom we know to be deluded, nor in the restraints of shame and principle upon those minds which have already overcome the shame of their principles and their associates. We may be sure that more than half the utmost corrupting work of political vice is already done, and that the reputed honest men of the faction have either renounced their old principles or dismissed them as the guides of their conduct. It is a cruel mercy that would spare the party because some of the individuals mean well. The plain truth should be told, it may alarm a few and save them from being traitors.

Some labour to exhibit a brief analysis will be proper, as it will tend to excite federalists to a sense of their actual danger, and disarm the host of trimmers and political hypocrites of a topic which they never fail to urge upon our politeness and good nature, whenever they would abate the scorn that is thrown upon one party, or quench the sparks of that zeal which is too rarely excited in the other.

Supposing the *honest* among the Jacobins to possess the ordinary degrees of self-knowledge, on looking inward they will find there a consciousness of some moral principle, of some integrity of heart. This will make them less distrustful of themselves, less apprehensive of the reproaches of others; and having adopted erroneous political maxims, they will pursue their dark mazes with a fearless step. The ill consequences, though natural, not being foreseen, will seem to proceed from accident, and only stimulate their perseverance, or to be owing to the malice of the concealed aristocrats, and inflame with a ten fold heat the rancour of their hostility. What was error, becomes passion. The *honest* man thinks that he is summoned to the combat. The casuistry of a Jacobin conscience spreads a mist before *his* eyes which he thinks renders him invisible: obstinacy cases him in mail, French humanity puts a dagger into one hand, and party zeal calling itself patriotism, a fire brand into the other. Thus the *honest* Jacobin equally misled by what he knows and by what he mistakes with regard to himself, the nature of his own principles and their tendencies, goes forth to assist knaves in what he deems the cause of *virtue*. He has so many excuses in the good motives which he is sure he does feel, and in the happy consequences which he thinks he certainly does foresee, that he makes haste to spread ruin without compunction, and to perpetrate crimes without remorse. Every intelligent politician knows that in all party affairs the unthinking dupes and honest fools are the rashest. The crimes they can excuse, and even persuade themselves to call virtues, they do not blush to commit. They are not afraid of shame, because they adopt the creed of their teachers, and glory in it. They dance on the edge of a precipice and think it a firm plain all round their feet. They foresee but little and dread little of what they foresee. Little deterred by unforeseen danger and strongly allured by imaginary good that will be the sure reward of their patriot labours, if successful, the duty to struggle for that success appears to be superior to every other. The best institutions, the great safeguards of order, seem to them abuses, government is an obstacle and must be removed, magistrates are enemies and must be conquered. They at last make conscience of committing the most shocking atrocities, and learn to throw their eyes beyond the gulph of revolution, confusion and civil war, that yawns at their feet, to behold an Eden of primitive innocence equality and liberty in blossom at the other side. There these tigers of revolution, their leaders, are to lie down with the lamb-like multitude, sometimes suffering hunger, yet forbearing to eat them. The rights of man are to be established by being solemnly proclaimed, and printed, so that every citizen shall have a copy. Avarice, ambition, revenge and rage will be disenchanted from all hearts, and die there; man will be regenerated; by slaying half a million only once, four millions will be born twice, and the glorious work of that perfectibility of the species foretold by Condorcet and the Mazzei sect in America will begin its everlasting progress.

The knaves however who lead this infatuated *honest* rabble indulge, no such extravgant delusions. They have no faith in this splendid hereafter, this happy *future* state for jacobins in *this* world. They have as little taste for it. They propose other rewards for their patriotic virtue than this heaven of metaphysics has laid up for them. Turning to their own base hearts they shrink from themselves and are more likely to feel remorse than the *honest* disciples. They are conscious that they ought to be suspected, and they act with the caution that this consciousness inevitably inspires. Thus dupes acts with a fervor and rage and a thirst for innovation which render the prospect of all possible confusion insufficient to satisfy them. The cold thinking villains who lead, " whose black blood runs temperately bad" desire on the contrary no more confusion than just enough to answer their own ends. Their ambition would naturally desire to preserve the powers of government to usurp them, and their rapacity would spare the wealth of the state to plunder it. A fresh set would indeed succeed as in France and rob the first despoilers, till the state, successively a prey, would be reduced to beggary and ruin. It is seldom that the leaders of revolutions have much profited by them, and this shews the short sightedness even of *their* policy, and that as it relates to their own personal advantage they are nearly as much deluded as their own dupes. But the possession of the sovereign power, however precarious, is too great a temptation for their prudence to withstand. Accordingly we see that for such a prize competitors are never wanting, and they struggle for the imperial purple with as much ardor and fierceness as if it were not wet and dropping with the blood of its last usurper. Robespierre's fall incited more pretenders than it intimidated.

It will be objected that this open avowal of contempt and detestation of the jacobins, and this unreserved exhortation to all friends of government to inculcate these sentiments can only exasperate party animosities and augment their mutual virulence. I ask in reply, would my silence or the most soothing style of address I could chuse, prevent or compose these animosities? Is it in the nature of free governments to exist without parties—such a thing has never yet been and probably never will be. Is it in the nature of party to exist without passion, or of a passion to acquiesce when it meets with opposers and obstacles. Is it owing, do the vapid declaimers really think in good faith, to the intemperance or indiscretion of federal writers, that jacobins are restless and malignant, or that by changing epithets or lavishing lying praises on their *honesty* they would change their nature and renounce their designs? No, it is absurd to expect faction cold in the pursuit of great objects, reasonable in selecting means for gratifying inordinate designs, retarded by moral doubts and perplexities when they are led by *Philosophers*, soft to persuade when it is callous to pity and fearless of consequences. Party moderation is children's talk—who has ever seen faction *calmly* in a rage; who will expect to see that carnivorous monster quietly turned out to eat grass?

## POST-OFFICE,

*Philadelphia, 11th May, '99.*

THE Letter-Bag of the ship *Birmingham-Packet*, capt. Kelly, for London, will be taken from the Post Office on Tuesday morning the 14th inst at 9 o'clock.

The Letter-Bag of the ship *Woodrop Sims* Capt. Hodgson, for London, will be taken from the Post-Office on Tuesday morning the 14th inst. at 9 o'clock.

## *Equestrian Club.*

THE Members composing the Equestrian Club, will meet on Thursday evening next, at Hardy's New Inn, in Market street.

JOHN H. BARNES, Sec'ry.

Phila. May 10.

## Bank of North America.

May 10, 1799.

A General meeting of the stockholders will be held at the Bank on Tuesday the 28th inst. at ten o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of electing three Directors, in the places of Mordecai Lewis deceased, and Miers Fisher and Richard Rundle, resigned.

By order of the board,

RICHARD WELLS, Cashier.

☞ Letters for the ship Birmingham Packet, Kelley for London, will be received at the Coffee-House until Tuesday morning, the 14th inst. at 9 o'clock.

## *Sale of Furniture.*

On Monday the 13th inst. at the late dwelling house of Robert Morris, jun. Esq. in Chesnut-street near Eighth-street,

WILL BE SOLD A VARIETY OF

## HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Great part of which is of the most elegant kind. The sale will begin precisely at 11 o'clock, when printed lists of the articles will be distributed, and the whole may be viewed at any time after 2 o'clock on the Saturday preceding.

*Connelly & Co. Auct'rs.*

may 9. dtM

## To be Sold at Public Sale,

*At the* MERCHANT'S' COFFEE-HOUSE,

On Wednesday next, the 15th instant, at seven o'clock, in the Evening,

*Several very Elegant Situations for*

## SUMMER RETREATS,

*Three and a half miles from the Court-House, near Frankfort Road.*

THESE situations are considered in point of health, beauty and elegance, equal to any near the city; commanding a very extensive view of the Delaware, the shipping in the harbour, the City, Harrowgate, Frankford, and several elegant country seats.

Any person desirous of viewing the grounds will please apply to Henry Haines on the premises.

The terms, which will be easy, will be made known at the time of sale.

The plan of the above Lots may be seen at the Coffee House.

*CONNELLY & Co.* auctioneers.

may 9 dts

# Late Foreign Articles

CONTINUED.

## HAMBURGH, February 19

We are yet in a state of uncertainty respecting the answer given by the Court of Vienna, concerning the March of the Russian troops. It appears that France would willingly conclude a peace with the Empire. But should a war be recommenced with Austria, the Russians would not spare the German Empire. The emperor of Russia is decidedly resolved to change the aspect of affairs, and to dispute the ground with the French if he can do so with any prospect of success. He has ordered four different armies, amounting to 150,000 men, who are ready to march against the troops of the Directory. The Russian fleet is to act in the spring against Holland.

February 26.

It is supposed that the Emperor will take possession of a part of Bavaria.

We learn from letters from Berlin, that the Hon. Mr. Grenville is seriously indisposed, in consequence of the fatigues of his voyage.

## BREMEN, Feb. 8.

The loss of Ehrenbreitstein, and the part which the King of Prussia is necessarily obliged to take in that business, are the two chief objects which now engauge the attention of Germany. The Duke of Brunswick, the Prince of Hesse-Cassel (the power of all others most interested in preventing the French from retaining possession of Ehrenbreitstein, because from that fortress they would be able to make inroads on his dominions), and Prince Hohenloe, now Chief Commander in Silesia, have been called to Berlin, where they are at this moment, in order, it is supposed to concert the measures which it would be proper to adopt in consequence of this unfortunate event. It cetainly could not have been supposed at Berlin to be so near at hand, as during the last month leave of absence has been repeatedly granted in the Prussian Regiments of the Neutral Army.

February 12.

The Mission of Count Bellgarde to Paris is the subject of all our conversations, and is alike the object of our fears. It is thought by many that it will be impossible for the Court of Vienna to avoid a War, because the Directory will never consent to adhere precisely to the Treaty of Campo Formio. This Treaty, if faithfully adhered to, would deprive the Republic, of Genoa, two thirds of the Roman States, Lucca, &c. and would impose on it a duty with which it is unable to comply, that of making immense restitutions in the Low Countries and the Cisalpine Territory. it is impossible to suppose that the French will accede to this, though the Peace, and perhaps the existence of Europe, depend upon the strict adherence to this Treaty.

The French are putting Ehrenbreitstein in the best possible state of defence, and are victualling it by enormous Requisitions, which they are imposing on the Territory of Nassau: they persist in asserting that they retain it only as a security until a general Peace. The Emperor has taken the old garrison into his pay.

The situation of the Elector of Bavaria is extraordinary. The French in consequence of a Convention with him in 1796, which at that time saved Bavaria, and particularly Munich, from pillage, require of him 15 millions. The Austrians to the number of 50,000 men, are in possession of his Electorate, and will not suffer him to pay a single crown. Twenty four thousand Russians are at his gates, and the Court of Petersburg is on the point of a rupture with him, because the Bavarian branch of the Knights of Malta have refused to acknowledge the Emperor as Grand Master of the Order.

February 26.

We are in hourly expectation of the definitive answer of the Emperor concerning the Russians, and we should before this time have received it, the Elbe and the Weser had not rendered the roads impassable, and prevented all communication.

The Austrian troops are every where in movement, Mons. de Malas, after mueh entreaty, has consented to accept the command of the army of Italy; twenty thousand picked men have been drawn from this army, and sent to that under the command of the Archduke, and heir place is to be filled by 24,000 Russians who are now in Upper Austria. On the other hand 60,000 French are preparing to enter Germany, of which number 40,000 are on the Upper Rhine, and 20,000 on the Lower Rhine. Among the Russian Officers who are to be employed this year are Bower, the General of Cavalry, and Muller the General of Engineers. It is somewhat remarkable that neither Prince Repinn nor general Suwarrow are upon the list.

## LONDON, March 7.

Extract of a letter from Constantinople dated January 17.

The cap. Pacha, and late Seraskier, Husein Pacha, is recalled from before Widdin, and is soon expected at Constantinople. A part of his baggage is already arrived. It is said he will sail for Egypt, with four ships of the line, two frigates, and some other vessels. It is supposed that the differences with Paswan Oglou may now be considered as completely arranged. It is determined to save the dignity of the Grand Seignior, he shall solicit pardon, and declare that he never meant to be disobedient to his high commands, but to procure himself justice, which had been refused him by the subalterns and subjects of his Highness.

The campaign on the Danube is therefore at an end.—It is to day said, that the Grand Seignior has already sent a pardon to Paswan Oglou by a hatticherif. On an impartial examination it was discovered that the demands of Paswan Oglou were not unconstitutional; that he was deserving of pardon, &c.

The great preparations which the Porte is making against Egypt, shew that the Porte does not consider the conquest of the French very easy. It is said that Buonaparte is indefatigably occupied in preparations for defence against the attacks that threaten him on all sides. Sir Sydney Smith will likewise act against Egypt with a squadron of nine ships of the line and the Turks place great confidenee in him.

From all parts of Climea, and from Oczakow, Russian troops are on their march to the harbour of Sebastopolis, to be embarked for Constantinople, where they will be joined by a Turkish armament intended to effect a landing in Italy. Magazines are already formed for the use of the troops at Constantinople and in Zante.

The Russian Envoy, General Tamara has been presented by the Grand Seignior with a snuff box worth 50,000 piasters.

*From a Paris paper of Feb. 6.*

## COUNCIL OF ELDERS.

*16 Pluviose February 4.*

The discussion of the resolution of the 4th Nivose, which declares, that the law of 29th Nivose, (Jan. 18,) which fixes the signs and characters by which the ships under neutral flags are to be known as enemies, shall be executed from the day of its insertion in the bulletin, was resumed.

Arnoult opposed the resolution, and set out with endeavouring to prove that the seizure of neutral ships, and the ships of allied powers at sea, was contrary to all the rules followed since the last century, rules which were dictated to the Government then by the interest of France well understood. He next maintained, that the seizure of ships at sea did not accord with the present interest of the Republic; England first gave us the example of this violation of nations, and England thereby held out to us a snare; she led us to indispose the neutral and allied powers towards us; and to prevent them from uniting with us, to put an end to the tyranny which she exercises upon the seas. What proves better than any thing else, how little England feels the system we have adopted with respect to neutral powers, is that from the 1st of Feb. 1793, to the 30th Fructidor, in the 6th year (Sept. 16. 1798), we have taken from the enemy, and from neutral and allied powers, but 2658 prizes; whilst in the war at the end of the last century, our sailors took from the English alone 4200 prizes. Yet the tonnage of England is five times greater than it was at the end of the last century; and her foreign commerce, which was then but 200 millions, has lately been stated by Mr. Pitt at 2000 millions. Arnoult then proceeded to consider the resolution as contrary to natural equity, and to the usages adopted by the Legislative Body, with respect to the publication of laws. The resolution, he said, pronounces that the penalty shall precede the proclamation of the offence. Can any thing be more revolting? I say it, this resolution exposes the Republic to a general war with all the maritime powers, or to being surpassed in loyalty and good faith by monarchical Government. It may have the most disastrous effects in the southern departments, which are supplied with the grain of Barbary, and which might be deprived of it all at once, if the chiefs of that country, irritated by our proceedings and excited by England, should prohibit the exportation of grain to our ports. He was therefore against the resolution.

Dentzel, in opposing the resolution, spoke of the abuses committed by the cruisers; abuses which they even extend to French property; abuses which banish all neutral vessels from our ports and thus procure to the English, who alone can protect them at sea, not only the commerce of both Indies, but the whole of the carrying trade of Europe; abuses which oblige the merchants of Holland to bring the commodities they want from France and Spain, over land; abuses which render France no longer the entrepot of her own productions. If neutral vessels were permitted to navigate in peace, they would bring the produce of our colonies to France. At present England sends her merchandise to Hamburgh, where we are obliged to go and purchase it. Thus we pay a factorage to the merchants of Hamburgh, and the freightage to the English, at whatever rate they chuse to charge, since they alone can carry on the trade. Now as the prizes taken by our cruizers do not supply our wants, it follows, that the excesses of these buccaneers are injurious to us since we are obliged to pay dearer for the commodities we consume in consequence of their depredations. Finally, what proves that this arbitrary conduct, so contrary to the laws of nations, is far from injuring the English, is, that the number of the trading vessels of that nation has lately so much increased, that two thirds of the shipping which passed the Sound during the last year were British, and only one third belonged to other countries; that insurance is only 2 per cent. in London, while it is 20 in neutral States; and that a neutral vessel, even bound to Holland, cannot be insured for 30 per cent. on account of the swarm of French privateers which cover the Meuse and the Sheldt.

Garat observed, that incessant attempts had been made during the discussion, to carry the attention from the positive right, where it should rest, to the rational right of nations, which formed no part of the present discussion. He moved, that it be adjourned till after the printing of Arnoult's speech, in order that a reply might be made in the name of the minority of the commission.

☞ Letters for the ship Woodrop Sims, captain Hodgson, for London, will be received at the Coffee-House, till next Monday the 13th instant.

To be sold at Public Auction

On Wednesday evening the 23d of May instant the City Tavern, in Second street, at 7 o'clock,

A VERY valuable Three story BRICK HOUSE, Kitchen and the Lot of ground thereunto belonging, situate at the south east corner of Race and Seventh-streets in this City. The Lot is 76 feet front on Race-street and 83 feet deep on Seventh-street. The House is about twenty-five feet front, is well built and completely furnished. There is also a small Frame Building on part of this lot fronting on Race-street, it is free of every incumbrance, and immediate possession will be given. Also a ground rent of one hundred and fifty pounds per ann. free of all taxes and charges whatsoever, payable half yearly, issuing out of a lot of ground situate at the north east corner of Walnut and Fifth-street, in the City of Philadelphia, on which lot is erected several Brick and Frame tenements. The situation is desireable, being opposite the State House square on Fifth-street. The terms of sale will be made known at the time thereof, or on application to the subscribers.

*Connelly & Co. Auct'rs.*

may 13. dts.

## G. SHAW,

*Respectfully informs the public, he has received from*

ROBERT JOHNSTON,

Apothecary, No. 20, Green street, Soho, London, a fresh and very considerable supply of his highly esteemed Medicine.

AWARE of the depredations made on every public medicine of established repute and extensive sale, R. Johnston, obtained the King of England's Patent for his invention, not "*to recommend*" but "*to distinguish*," Whitehead's Essence of Mustard from

*SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.*

"Five years have now elapsed since Mr. Johnston first made known to the world this very extraordinary medicine; during this short period, its efficacy has been so clearly demonstrated that its sale has far exceeded any former example; comparitively there are few families in England or the United States which have not either heard of or experienced its beneficial effects and with heartfelt satisfaction he had the happiness to declare Whitehead's Essence of Mustard has cured more persons afflicted with *Rheumatisms, Gout, Lumbago, Palsy, Complaints of the Stomach and other Painful Maladies.*

Than all the Medicines ever before made public, indeed, the instances, of its efficacy and letters of acknowledgment from "the most respectable characters" are so numerous that a large volume could not possibly contain them, it has also obtained the approbation of the most eminent men of the faculty and is honoured by the use and recommendation of the first families in England, Ireland and America.

*A COUNTERFEIT.*

R. JOHNSTON has reason to believe a large quantity under the name of "*Improved Essence of Mustard,*" as well as many others has been shipped for America, and considers it his duty to prevent *imposition* and *disappointment.*

He therefore requests the afflicted to be particular in the purchase of his bottles, boxes, labels, and bill of directions which are closely copied, and words "by royal authority," artfully substituted for the words "by the king's patent' which may elude common observation.

The Genuine is distinguished by the signature of R. Johnston, in his own hand writing on each label, and as an additional security is further signed on the outside wrapper by his only agent for the United States. G. SHAW, No. 129 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, by whom it is sold wholesale and retail, in pills and in a fluid state at one dollar each, box or bottle

FOR CHILBLAINS, SPRAINS AND BRUISES,

It is a certain and effectual remedy, seldom requiring more than three or four applications.

To the candid and liberal of the FACULTY, R. Johnston respectfully submits the following observations. The Fluid Essence of Mustard, is an embrocation worthy their particular attention, it differs in its nature from all others, and is out of the beaten track of general practice—It is an active stimulant, easily controuled; may be either increased or diminished in its strength by the different methods of use, it is both elegant and convenient and is frequently found in the extemporaneous prescriptions of their brethren in England.

The above Genuine Medicine, as well as many others of the first celibrity may be had by appointment of G. Shaw, of Mr. G. Bailey, Wilmington, Dr. Barrill, Maiden Lane, New-York, Messrs. Bailey and Walker, Charleston, William Black, Salem, (N. J.) Charles Hunitch, Lancaster, A. C. Jorden, Norfolk, John Roberts, do. David Keen, Sweet Springs, Virginia, R. Lee, Baltimore, I. & J. Mantz, Fredericktown, Maryland, G. W. Mancius, Albany, Dr. Vanfolingen. New-York, Messrs. Titford & Son, do. Messrs. Ross & Douglas, Pittsburg, John Webster. Wilmington, James Wilson, do. Richard Winter & Co. Savannah, and in every principal town in the United States.

N.B. The public are desired to enquire for Whitehead's Essence of Mustard, all others being a base and spurious imitation.

GEO. SHAW.

120, Chesnut-street, where Venders may be supplied.

"*Caution against Counterfeits.*"

Agents are appointed by G. Shaw in every principal town of the United States, and there is no certainty of purchasing the Genuine Essence of Mustard in any part of America, unless it is signed on the outside wrapper by G. Shaw, No. 129, Chesnut street, Philadelphia, where shopkeepers are supplied and a liberal discount allowed them.

May 13

*Just Published,*

By JOHN ORMROD,

No, 41, Chesnut-street,

## *A SERMON,*

ON THE

*DUTY OF CIVIL OBEDIENCE,*

AS REQUIRED IN

*SCRIPTURE.*

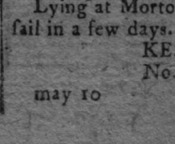
Delivered in Christ Church and St. Peter's, April 23, 1799, being a day of general Humiliation, *Appointed by the President of the United States,*

BY WILLIAM WHITE, D. D.

Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, *In the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.*

May 10.

For BARBADOS,



THE SCHOONER

*BETSEY,*

*Thomas Anderson, Master,*

Lying at Morton's wharf, and expected to sail in a few days. For passage only, apply to

KEARNY WHARTON.

No. 109, South Water Street.

may 10 d3t

# By this Day's Mail.

SALEM, May 7.

*COMMUNICATION.*

Words are eternally leading us aſtray, but deeds ſhould fix our judgments, and actuate deciſion; they are the real monitors that would ſhew us the friendſhip, or enmity of a foreign nation. For a long time we were loth to doubt of French friendſhip, tho' on their ſide ſupported only by an ardency of words; we however conſidered them as ſtruggling for their liberties, and our hearts rejoiced in their ſucceſſes. But when they inſulted our government, ſo glorioufly eſtabliſhed upon the baſis of rational liberty, we diſcovered the madneſs of their ambition, and the duplicity of their diſpoſition. It was then that the guardian genius of American liberty penetrated th ir diſguiſe, and at length tore off the veil, and pointed to French liberty as an ambitious hypocrite! France aſſumed the maſk to ſeduce, and the ſword to deſtroy! Her words are peace, while ſhe delights in blood! Her apparent generous proclamations are but a cover to unlimited plund r! Look at the miſerable countries that have been deceived by her verboſe profeſſions, and are now ſuffering the horrors of her devaſtating tyranny, and you will find this a faint ſketch of her horrible features. Is this the benign plant of freedom that Jacobins would tranſfer to the American ſoil! Paſſing over the diſappointed and the wicked, we have many among us, men of ſmall talents, that favour the views of France: they examine but the outſide of things, and are conſtantly deceiving themſelves: the miſchief would be leſs, if they did not deceive others who have not time to inveſtigate. Theſe Fanatics, when they preach up liberty, are as much deceived as to its real genius, as were the people of Paris, when they worſhiped courtezans for goddeſſes of reaſon. Wiſe in their own conceit, they with a faſcinating ſound work upon ignorance, and fit it for impoſtors! Men of the ſame ſtamp in Switzerland were the whetſtones that ſharpened the tools of France; and at length the fair fabrick of Helvetain Liberty, which had afforded to ſociety an agreeable ſhelter, where it had given birth to virtue, ingenuity and induſtry, was hewed in pieces, and the *French Tree* planted upon its ruins—ſoon will it poiſon their manners, and corrupt all the ſources of national happineſs! This will moſt aſſuredly be our own fate, though we are at the diſtance of a thouſand leagues from the French Directory, unleſs we place the utmoſt confidence in our own government, whoſe meaſures have been founded in wiſdom, and juſtified by the eloquence & arguments of genuine patriotiſm; but we muſt recollect, that it has not only to watch an external enemy, but to protect itſelf againſt traitors that infeſt the boſom of our country, who aſſume every form and guiſe to debilitate its ſtrength. Much then is expected, from the virtue and opinions of the American people, to ſupply the energies that government is without; and it is their duty, by the Federaliſm of their words and actions, to annihilate the Pſeudo Politicians who would bring diviſions into the public councils. X.

BOSTON, May 8.

*FROM EUROPE.*

By the Union arrived yeſterday we received Dublin papers to the 21ſt March.—Intelligence from the ſeat of war, is not, therefore, ſo late as before received.—A letter dated the 22d March, ſays, "every thing remains quiet."

Lord St Vincent, having had the poſition of the French fleet in the port of Alexandria, minutely examined, and in conſequence of the reported practicability of its deſtruction, has diſpatched ſome ſhips to ſtrengthen Capt. Trowbridge, the beter to enable him to perform that ſervice.

The Ruſſian General Suwarrow is to have the chief command in Germany, againſt the French the Auſtrians being to act under his order.

Prince Pignatelli has been diſgraced by the King of Naples, for his negociations with the French Gen. Championet—who is alſo in diſgrace.

*From the EASTERN WORLD.*

We learn from the Cape-of Good-Hope, that an expedition commenced about the 10th of March, from that ſtation, againſt the Iſles of France and Bourbon. The Britiſh force was compoſed of two line of battle ſhips, and three frigates, with tranſports and troops. It was not expected at the Cape, that the French would make much oppoſition. The intire inhabitants of the iſlands are oppoſed to the French creed of Liberty and Equality;—and it is expect- will receive with cordiality the champions of their faith.

No region is exempt from the infernal ſpirits which the French revolution has let looſe upon the world. As ſoon as the news of the arrival of Buonaparte, in Egypt, arrived in India, the French emiſſaries therein were in inſtant activity; and had actual ly provided ſtores for, and had embodied a force of 20,000 men in the interior. But owing to the damper which the intelligence of the Abonkir deſtruction threw on the enterpriſe, and the activity of the Governor-General Lord Mornington, the conſpiracy was detected, the principal actors impriſoned, and the collected ſtores ſecured.

On Monday the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Corps, commanded by Brigadier-General Winſlow, did military duty in this town.

Yeſterday, the annual inſpection of the arms and accoutrements of the militia of this Commonwealth was made. In this town they were found in an improved ſtate.

Wiſdom comes often too late. It is ſuppoſed there is no leſs than 100,000 active male aliens, in the United States, oppoſed to the government thereof, including emigrants from France, Ireland, and the Weſt-Indies.—We have an Alien Law, but "dead to infliction, to itſelf it is dead."

NEW-YORK, May 11.

The readers of this Gazette are already in poſſeſſion of the particulars of the capture and recapture of the ſhip Two Friends, on her paſſage from Philadelphia to London—but we have more on the ſubject.

Capt. M'Dougal, who arrived here in the ſhip Fanny, (having ſold the Two Friends in London) favoured us with a copy of the following letter and reſolutions, which are far more valuable to an honeſt man, than any pecuniary conſideration.

At a general meeting of the Underwriters and Conſignees of the Two Friends, held at Lloyd's Coffee-houſe, London, Nov. 28, 1798,

JAMES M'KENZIE, Eſq. in the chair,

*Reſolved unanimouſly*, That a letter be written to Capt. John M'Dougal, expreſſing in the handſomeſt terms, our approbation of his conduct, in regaining poſſeſſion of the ſhip Two Friends.

*Reſolved unanimouſly*, to allow the Captain five per cent. on the amount of the intereſt of each Conſignee or Underwriter, as a reward for his bravery and attention to the intereſts of the concerned.

*London, Dec. 1, 1798.*

*Capt. JOHN M'DOUGAL,*

SIR,

AS Chairman of the general meeting of the Conſignees and Underwriters of the Two Friends, held at Lloyd's Coffee-houſe, on the 28th ult. I have much pleaſure in tranſmitting you, annexed, a copy of the reſolutions then agreed to.

The Underwriters and Conſignees are deeply impreſſed with a ſenſe of the bravery and conduct which led to the ſucceſsful recapture of your ſhip, from an enemy ſo ſuperior in numbers. They regret that the crew ſhould have been prevailed on by an artful and deſigning man, to attempt to gain, by force of law, that recompence which the juſtice of Underwriters and Conſignees have never been known to refuſe in ſimilar caſes. They will, moſt probably, ſuffer by their folly; but I am happy in ſaying that your endeavors to prevent this attempt of the crew, and your conſtant reliance on the honor of the concerned, entitles you to their thanks. It gives me pleaſure to think your confidence has not been unrewarded, and, wiſhing you health and proſperity,

I remain, Sir,
Your humble ſervant,
JAMES MACKENZIE,
Chairman of the General Meeting.

Capt. Allen, of the brig James, arrived yeſterday, ſailed from St. Thomas's on the 21ſt of March, and, on that day, joined a fleet of 35 ſail of American veſſels from the windward, under convoy of the frigates United States, commodore Barry, and the Conſtitution, commodore Nicholſon. Commodore Barry had then in charge 3 French ſchooner privateers, and a ſloop, which he had captured.

Capt. Allen was informed, that a few days before, commodore Barry had recaptured an Engliſh packet, which had been taken by the French privateer Democrat, of 14 guns and 120 men, from Gaudaloupe.

The mode in which the Democrat took the Packet is ſomewhat ſingular—It is thus: She, regardleſs of the Packet's guns, ran along ſide without firing a ſhot, and, after ſeveral unſucceſsful attempts, at laſt boarded the packet and took poſſeſſion of her.

The above packet was from one of the windward iſlands, was captured off Guadaloupe, and ſent into Dominnio.

A ſpirited Engliſh writer, with much neatneſs of antitheſis, mentions theſe as the contradictory principles of the French—to eſtabliſh *Revolutionary* Governments—to *murder* with the hand of juſtice—*pillage* legally—*force* loans *compel* a man to be free—evince the *ſovereignty* of the people by *Baſtiles* in every province—*conciliate* the conquered by rapine—*regenerate* by deſtroying—*juſtify* means, however fatal, by the end, however remote—*ſtrengthen* ſociety by debauching its principles—and *annihilate* the Being of the Author of all Being by vote!

Shakeſpear has an expreſſion—"*this is a mad world, my maſters*"—and who can doubt it now, amidſt the confuſion that prevails in every part of it?

The Italian has loſt his *Muſic*—
The Dutchman his *Treaſure*—
Switzerland her *liberty*. and
All Europe its *Tranquillity*.

Accounts from Bombay ſtate, the French corvette, Ambuſcade, mounting 22 guns to have been carried into Moſamb que. It appears that the corvette had captured three Portugueſe veſſels off the coaſt, and had manned them with the greater part of her crew, for the purpoſe of navigating them to the Mauritius, taking on board the officers and crews of the captured veſſels. The latter, being ſuperior in number, roſe on the captors, and after a deſperate conflict, in which ten Frenchmen were killed, poſſeſſed themſelves of the corvette. The Portugueſe immediately purſued the prizes, came up with, and recaptured them, and carried the whole in ſafety to Moſambique.


*For Sale by the Subſcriber,*

On Stamper's Wharf, below the Drawbridge,

A few pair of Iron Cannon, of the caliber of 4, 6 and 9 lb. ball of different weights and lengths, all warranted proof, Cannon Ball a quantity of cut nails, an aſſortment of wraught and caſt iron as uſual—Likewiſe for ſale as above, a quantity of dry hides, juſt received from Charleſton, by the ſhip Carolina, which will be ſold on reaſonable terms for caſh or the uſual credit.

*William Lane.*

may 13. cod1ot


# The Gazette.

*PHILADELPHIA,*

MONDAY EVENING, *MAY* 13.

The *incomplete* ſtate of our national proviſions, has exiſted a ſubject of deep regret to every man of ſound principle and ordinary reflection: So far as theſe extend, they are worthy and proper objects of the foſtering care of every individual, in his proper ſphere and calling. The errors which have been engrafted on the natural ſtock, it is enough, in a time of unexampled danger, to *know*,—and to know them, ſeems eſſential, leſt they grow with our growth. The preſent is not a fit opportunity for tampering with *Conſtitutions*—above all, with thoſe of a Republican form; nor is the health of the body politic thus to be promoted. But this jealouſy of change, (unfortunately ſo hard to be maintained and directed towards its proper objects,) does not apply with equal force, to a known, ſimple and inſulated evil. To ſuch a caſe, it ſeems an obvious dictate of national policy, to apply at whatever time, a proper ſtyptic—And ſuch a caſe exiſts in the unreſtrained permiſſion allowed to vagrants without character, and unkown among us, of erecting ſlop-ſhops of atheiſm, at every place where they chooſe to utter, or "ſit audience" find for their inſidious and daring attacks upon that faith by which alone men are or ever can be held together in ſociety. A vagabond of this deſcription has for ſome time been retailing out his modicums of blaſphemy at the ſouthward, in the ſhape of Lectures, (the ſtyle now univerſally adopted by all the venemous tribe of itinerant Illuminati) and under the deceptive title of *Diſcourſes on REASON*. I forbear to dwell on the character or the works of a wretch too mean to occupy any attention other than that of the beadle who ſhould export him from the pariſh, or confine him as a vagrant. His publications are at once blaſphemous and ſtudiedly offenſive. A ſimilar character has long been tolerated at New-York, and various other have appeared in almoſt every part of the continent in every ſhape and under every diſguiſe.

A more urgent object of legal reſtraint than ſuch peſtiferous miſcreants as theſe, could not well be pointed out; and yet they go on.

"Religion (ſaid Lord Raymond, on the trial of Curl for Blaſphemy) is part of the Common law, & whatever is an offence againſt that, is an offence againſt the Common Law."

Two Carpenters who had been at work, at Teſt's Tavern, on the Banks of Schuylkill, went out into the river, yeſterday, in a batteau, and were both drowned.

HUMANE SOCIETY.

The following important caſe was preſented to the Managers, on the 8th inſt. and ordered to be publiſhed in ſeveral of the Newspapers of this City, viz.

To Doctor BENJAMIN SAY,

*Preſident of the Humane Society of Philadelphia.*

SIR,

I WAS ſuddenly called on the 5th inſtant, about 3 o'clock P. M. to viſit James Murdock, a child between 5 and 6 years old (ſon of Mrs. Murdock, widow) who had fallen into the Delaware near Race ſtreet Wharf, and had been ſubmerſed about 6 or 7 minutes.

A boy of the name of William Dixcy, jumped into the water, caught the child by the arm and ſwam with him to the ſhore. A Mrs. Anderſon took him from the lad, and carried him to her houſe in Water-ſtreet. She ſaid no ſigns of life appeared for about two minutes after he was in the houſe, when, to uſe her own words, "he opened his mouth and moved his head," after which ſhe diſcovered no ſymptoms that indicated life until I ſaw him, being about four or five minutes from the time he was taken into the houſe. I found him lying on a table with a very palid countenance; his body and extremities cold; nor could I diſcover the ſmalleſt pulſation; his wet cloaths were now taken off, and the body wiped dry, frictions with warm flannels were then induſtrioufly uſed, and in a ſhort time I perceived ſymptoms of returning animation, which ſoon became more evident. As life was gradually reſtored, the child became violently convulſed.

The frictions and warm flannels were ſtill continued, keeping the child on his back, with his head and ſhoulders a little elevated. In about three quarters of an hour, an imperfect circulation began, pretty forcibly in the heart, but more feebly in the temples and wriſts: five or ſix ounces of blood were now taken from the arm, with the happieſt effects.

As ſoon as the child could ſwallow, a little warm brandy and water was given, and occaſionally repeated with advantage; the abdomen which had been hard, now became ſofter, the convulſions leſs violent, and in one hour the body and extremities had nearly recovered their natural warmth: the frictions were gradually diſcontinued, and warm blankets only wraped round him: the convulſions ſtill continued, though not ſo ſevere—twenty drops of laudanum were now given; and as ſoon as poſſible gently ſtimulating injections were adminiſtered with great advantage; after which the child lay eaſy, exceping at intervals he hsd ſlight convulſive motions of his arms and legs.

I now left him (after being with him about two hours) with directions take him home about 8 o'clock. I viſited him again at 9, when I was informed that he had been delirious during my abſence. I found him aſleep, his delirium having gone off and the ſpaſms entirely ſubſided.

The next morning I had the pleaſure to find him running about the houſe as well as uſual, excepting that he complained of univerſal ſoreneſs.

Permit me to add, that the benevolent inſtitution over which you preſide, appears to promiſe great utility; for I am perſuaded, that if exertions were confidently made uſe of for a conſiderable length of time, agreeably to your directions, that many might be reſcued from an untimely end and reſtored to their family and friends.

I have the honor to be,
With ſentiments of reſpect,
Your very humble ſervant,
HENRY DISBOROUGH.

Philad. May 8, '99.

N. B. Doctor Blayney called in ſoon after the frictures had commenced, and aſſiſted until the child was out of danger.

H. D.

Reſolved, That Benjamin Say and Iſaac Snowden jun. be a committee to enquire particularly inro the circumſtances relating to William Dixcy having reſcued the ſaid child from the water? and if they find that his exertions have been ſuch as to merit a premium, the Preſident is deſired to draw an order on the Treaſurer, for any ſum not exceeding eight dollars.

By order of the Board of Managers,
CHARLES MARSHALL, Sec'ry.

We have made very particular enquiries upon this ſubject, and find it juſtly ſtated by Dr. Diſborough, and that in conſequence of the extraordinary and benevolent exertions of the ſaid Wm. Dixcy, in reſcuing the above mentioned child from drowning, an order has been drawn for the full premium of eight dollars. And we have to lament that the funds of the Society are not competent to conferring a ſum more adequate to ſo noble and diſintereſted an act of friendſhip.

BENJAMIN SAY,
ISAAC SNOWDEN, jun. } Committee.

May 11.

N. B. Thoſe members who are in arrears with their annual payments, are earneſtly requeſted to forward the amount to the Treaſurer, Chriſtopher Marſhall, or to either of the Managers, as ſoon as convenient.

# Gazette Marine Liſt.

*Port of Philadelphia,*

ARRIVED. days

Sch'r Favourite Packet Maſſet, Havanna 16
Friendſhip, Wallace, Havanna 16
Daphne, Ripley, Havanna 15
Sloop Polly, Wheley, Richmond 12

CLEARED,

Brig Jaſon, Volker, Hamburgh
William, Lunt, Newburyport
Schr. Julia, Harriſon, Edenton
Dove, Potter, Norfolk and Peterſburgh
Harmony, Horton, Norfolk,
Sloop Nelly, Sherman, Havanna
Little Jack, Williams, Bermuda

Yeſterday arrived the United States cutter General Green, captain Price, from the Havanna and a cruize.

The Montezuma and the Herald ſloops of war, are below

The ſhip Tillman, Cooke, from Jamaica, is below

A brig name unknown prize to the Montezuma, and a ſloop name unknown prize to the ſloop of war Ganges, captain Tingey, are below

The United States brig Scammel, captain ———, from a cruize is below.

The Brig Betſey, captain Pitcher, for St Bartholomews, and the ſchooner Maximilian, captain Churnſide, for St. Thomas's, went to ſea on Saturday morning.

Schr. Nancy, Logan, reported to be taken and carried into Bermuda, has arrived ſafe at the Havanna.

Arrived ſch'r Favourite Packet, Moffett, 16 days from the Havanna; ſailed from thence in company with a fleet, of American veſſels. Left off the Capes of Virginia, on Thurſday, in lat. 36, 30, long. 75, the following veſſels bound for Philadelphia, viz.

Ship Diana, Flinn,
Lenox, Lack,
Fame, Richard,
Brig Betſey, Howard,
Amiable Creole, Story,
Experiment, Dolby,
Schr. Mary, Sadler,
Sloop Supply & ſloop Dependance,
Curſor, from La Guira.

May 13.

Brig Abigail, Hughes, from hence, has arrived at Limerick.

Ship Betſey, Phelps, from hence has arrived at Cork, in 28 days.

Brig Perſeverence, Lochlin, (a new made Dane) is captured by the Britiſh on her paſſage from Cape Francoiſe to Baltimore.

Ship Proſperity, Tougham, from hence, has arrived at Londondery in 25 days.

Arrived ſloop Mary (prize to the Ganges ſloop of war, Capt. Tingey) of Norwich, bound to Turks Iſland.

Ship Eliza,——, of and for Charleſton, is taken by the Ganges ſloop of war, from Cape Francoiſe.

Ship Kingſton, Hodge, from hence, arrived at Cape Francois, the 17th of April.

*Baltimore, May 8.*

The ſchr. Hiram, capt. Samuel Lewis, of and from New-York, bound to Charleſton, was in Hampton Roads on the 5th inſtant; ſhe had been ſtruck with lightning between Cape Hatteras and Cape Look out, and had loſt both her maſts, bowſprit, head, &c.

On Saturday arrived, the ſchr. Iſabella, capt. James Brown, 25 days from the city of St. Domingo.

April 9, ſpoke ſhip Eagle, capt. Dillon, bound to Havanna, lat. 22, 37, long. 68, 8.

*New-York, May 11.*

ARRIVED. DAYS.

Ship Fanny, Braine, Greenock 52
Brig Polly, Bunce, Liverpool 58

Pruſſian ſhip De Hoop, Hendrickſon, from this to Hamburgh, taken by a privateer and carried into Guernſey.

The fleet at the Havanna was detained, by an embargo until the 23d April, it ſailed under convoy of the Delaware ſloop of war.

Schr. Ann from Peppleborough for Antigua, carried into Guadaloupe.

Arrived brig Polly, Bunce, from Liverpool, ſailed on the 10th March, came out in company with the ſhip Apollo, Moncrief, of and for N. York, and parted company in lat. 36, 48, long. 35, 36. on the 5th April. Left there the following private armed veſſels:

Ship Betſey, Carberry, of 18 guns,
Sally, Morgan, do.
Factor, Farrell, of 16 guns.
Venus, Johnſton, of Boſton, 18 guns.

The above ſhips are under a contract and bond of two thouſand pounds, to keep each other company, until ſoundings were got on the bank of Newfoundland, on the coaſt of America. They were to ſail under convoy of the ſhip Betſey, commodore Carberry, for New-York, on the 24th March.

May 1, ſpoke ſhip George, Johnſton, from Portland, bound to Jamaica, out 7 days in lat. 38, 10, long. 6. 00.

May 4, ſpoke ſhip Waſhington, from N. York to Liverpool, Coffin, maſter, Nantucket iſland bearing N. 20 leagues diſtance.

Arrived ſhip Fanny, Braine, from Greenock, which place he left on the 16th March. Left there the following ſhips for New-York ready to ſail.

Ship Fair American, Prevooſt,
Amſterdam Packet, Crocket.

# New-Theatre.

*THIS EVENING, (May 13,)*

Will be preſented (for the fourth and laſt time this ſeaſon)

*A celebrated PLAY, called*

THE STRANGER,

*Or, Miſanthropy and Repentance.*

| | |
|---|---|
| The Stranger, | Mr Wignell |
| Count Winterſen, | Mr Downie |
| Baron Steinfort, | Mr Marſhall |
| Solomon | Mr Francis |
| Peter | Mr Bliſſett |
| Francis | Mr Fox |
| Old Man | Mr Morris |
| William | Maſter Harris |
| Children | Maſter Warrell, Miſs Hardinge |
| Mrs Haller (with a ſong) | Mrs Merry |
| Counteſs Winterſen | Mrs Hardinge |
| Ann | Mrs Francis |

*To which will be added*

(Poſitively the laſt time) a Dramatic Sketch, interſperſed with Song and Spectacle, called

THE CONSTELLATION;

*Or, A Wreath for American Tars.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Drag | Mr Warren |
| Jack Heart-Oak | Mr Bernard |
| Buckram | Mr Bliſſett |
| 1ſt Sailor | Mr Hardinge |
| 2d Sailor | Mr Fox |
| 3d Sailor | Mr Warrell: |
| Mrs Drag | Mrs Francis |
| Nancy | Miſs L'Eſtrange |

*With a repreſentation of the Chace and Action between*

The Conſtellation and L'Inſurgent Frigates.

The whole to conclude with an Appropriate Ballet—compoſed by Mr. Byrne.

The principal characters, by Mrs. Byrne, Mr. Byrne and Mr. Warrell, Jun.

The whole to conclude with

*Holiday Gambols; Or, Whitſuntide Amuſements,*

In which will be introduced

*Ground and Lofty Tumbling Poſtures and Equilibriums, by Sig. Joſeph Doctor.*

He will drink a glaſs of Wine backwards in a ſurpriſing manner, beating the drum at the ſame time.

*And alſo throw a wonderful*

SOMERSET

From the middle row of boxes and light on the Stage.

*With ſeveral other ſurpriſing Feats of Activity.*

The whole to conclude with

The Italian Surpentine,

On a Ladder twenty feet high—Clown by a young gentleman of Philadelphia.

Tickets to be had at H. & P. Rice's Book ſtore, No. 16, South Second Street, at Carr's Muſic Repoſitory, No. 36, South Second ſtreet, and at the office adjoining the Theatre.

☞ On Wedneſday, a young gentleman, will make his firſt appearance on the Stage, in the character of TANCRED, in the celebrated Tragedy, called TANCRED AND SIGISMUNDA,—Sigiſmunda Mrs. Merry.—With the Comic Opera, called The Shipwreck.

POST-OFFICE,

*Philadelphia, May 11th, 1799.*

THE Mail for the Eaſtern Shore of Maryland, will in future be cloſed with the Southern Mail, on Tueſdays, Thurſdays, and Saturdays at half paſt 7 o'clock A. M. and the Mail for the Eaſtern Shore of Virginia, via New-Caſtle, to Northampton Court-Houſe, Virginia, will be cloſed every Monday, Wedneſday, and Friday at half an hour before ſun ſet.

may 13 d6t

*Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,*

Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN purſuance of a reſolution of the preſident and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are here by notified and required to pay, on each of their reſpective ſhares, to the Treaſurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,

15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th Auguſt next.

Wm. GOVETT, Treaſurer.

May 13. m&tu4w(dfr.12to15A)

*For Sale,*

THE time of a Black Boy, thirteen years of age, has fifteen years to ſerve—He is ſtout, active and healthy.

Enquire at No 129, Cheſnut-ſtreet.

may 13 §

*Notice is hereby given,*

THAT separate proposals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Department of War, until the expiration of the 25th of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations, which may be required for the ufe of the United States, from the firft day of October, 1799, to the thirtieth day of September, 1800, both days inclufive, at the places and within the two diftricts herein after firft mentioned; and alfo that feparate propofals will be received at the faid office until the expiration of the 25th day of July next enfuing, for the fupply of all rations which may be required as aforefaid, from the firft day of January in the year 1800, to the thirty-firft day of December in the fame year, both days inclufive, at the place and within the feveral ftates herein after mentioned, viz.

*Firft*—Propofals to fupply all rations, that may be required, at Ofwego; at Niagara; at Prefqu'ifle; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Le Bœuf; at Cincinnati; at Picque town, and Loramies ftores; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance, on the Miami river to Lake Erie, at Fort Knox, and Ouatanon on the river Wabafh; at Maffac; at any place or places on the eaft fide of the river Miffiffippi, above the mouth of the river Ohio, and upon the Illinois river.

*Second*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at any place or places, on the eaft fide of the Miffiffippi river, below the mouth of the river Ohio to the fouthern boundary of the ftate of Kentucky and within the faid ftate; at Knoxville; at all other poft and places within the ftate of Tenneffee; at South Weft Point; at Tellico Block-houfe, at St. Stephens on the river Tombigby and any place or places within the Cherokee boundaries; below the fouthern boundary of the ftate of Tenneffee and within the boundary of the United States.

*Third*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required, at Point-Petre; at Coleraine; at Savannah, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited within the ftate of Georgia; at all forts or ftations on the Oconnee and Alatamaha, and at all other places in the Creek Nation, within the limits of the United States, where troops are or may be ftationed.

*Fourth*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Johnfon, at Fort Pinckney, at Charleſton, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ftationed, marched or recruited in the ftate of South Carolina.

*Fifth*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at the Fort at Wilmington, Cape Fear; at Beaufort Iſland, Ocracock; at Charlotte; at Fayetteville, at Salifbury, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited in the ſtate of North Carolina.

*Sixth*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Norfolk, at Portſmouth, at Kempſville, at Charlotteville, at Winchefter, at Staunton, at Richmond, at Alexandria, at Leefburg, at Fredericksburg, at Carterſville, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited, in the ſtate of Virginia.

*Seventh*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort M'Henry, at Baltimore, at Annapolis, at Frederick town, at Leonard town, at Hegers town, at Hagenſburg, at George town, at Harper's ferry, at Eaſtown, at the Head of Elk, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Maryland.

*Eighth*—Propofals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Miffiin, at Philadelphia, at Darby, at Lancaſter, at Wilkesbarre, at Reading, at Briſtol, at Yorktown, at Carliſle, at Lewiſtown (Miffiin county) at Bedford, at Greenſburg, at Waſhington, at Eaſtown, at Wilmington, at Chriſtiana, at Dover, or at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtates of Pennſylvania and Delaware, except the poſts within the ſtate of Pennſylvania, enumerated in the firſt propoſals aforeſaid.

*Ninth*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hackenſac, at Elizabeth town, at New-Brunſwick, at Burlington, at Woodbury, at Trenton, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Jerſey.

*Tenth*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at New-York, at Weſt-Point, at Fluſning, at Harlem, at Weſt-Cheſter, at Poughkeepſie, at Kenderhook, at Stillwater, at Newburg, at Albany, at Conejoharie, at Cherry Valley, and at any other place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of New York, except the poſts within the ſaid ſtate enumerated in the firſt propoſals aforeſaid.

*Eleventh*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Hartford, at Hebron, at New London, at Brooklynn, at Wyndham, at Litchfield at Guilford, at New-Haven, at Fairfield, at Danbury, at Middletown, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the State of Connecticutt.

*Twelfth*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Fort Wolcott, at Brinton's Point, at Newport, at Providence, and at any place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits the of ſtate of Rhode Iſland.

*Thirteenth*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portland in the Diſtrict of Maine Glouceſter, Cape Ann, Salem, Marblehead, Boſton, at Springfield, at Uxbridge, and at any other place or places where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the limits of the ſtate of Maſſachuſetts.

*Fourteenth*—Propoſals to fupply all rations that may be required at Portſmouth, at Exeter, at Windſor, at Bennington, at Rutland, or at any Fort, place or places, where troops are or may be ſtationed, marched or recruited within the States of New-Hampſhir and Vermont.

The Ration to be fupplied, is to conſiſt of the following articles, viz. Eighteen ounces of bread or flour, or when neither can be obtained, of one quart of rice, or one and a half pound of ſifted or boulted indian meal, one pound and a quarter of freſh beef, or one pound of ſalted beef, or three quarters of a pound of ſalted Pork, and when freſh meat is iſſued, ſalt, at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations, ſoap at the rate of four pounds, and candles at the rate of a pound and a half for every hundred rations.

It is expected the propoſals will alſo extend to the fupply of rum, whiſkey, or other ardent ſpirits at the rate of half a gill per ration, and Vinegar at the rate of two quarts for every hundred rations. The propoſals will ſpecify the price of the ſeveral component parts of the ration, as well as thoſe of ſubſtitutes or alternatives for parts thereof.

The rations are to be furniſhed in ſuch quantities as that there ſhall at all times, during the term of the propoſed contracts, be ſufficient for the conſumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit Niagara and Ofwego, for ſix months in advance and at each of the other poſts on the weſtern waters, for at leaſt three months in advance, of good and wholeſome proviſions, if the ſame ſhall be required. It is alſo to be permitted to all and every of the commandants of fortified places, or poſts, to call for at ſeaſons when the ſame can be tranſported, or at any time in caſe of urgency, ſuch ſupplies of like proviſions in advance, as in the diſcretion of the commandant ſhall be deemed proper. It is to be underſtood that the contractor is to be at the expence and riſk of iſſuing the ſupplies to the troops, and that all loſſes, ſuſtained, by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, ſhall be paid for at the price of the article captured or deſtroyed, on the depoſitions of two or more perſons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commiſſioned officer, aſcertaining the circumſtances of the loſs, and the amount of the articles, for which compenſation ſhall be claimed.

The privilege is to be underſtood to be reſerved to the United States of requiring, that none of the ſupplies which may be furniſhed under any of the propoſed contracts ſhall be iſſued, until the ſupplies which have or may be furniſhed under contracts now in force have been conſumed, and that a ſupply in advance may be always required at any of the fixed poſts on the Sea-board or Indian frontiers not exceeding three months.

*JAMES M'HENRY,*
Secretary of War.

march 29

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

*March 11th*, 1799.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

Purſuant to the act of Congreſs paſſed on the 1ſt day of June, one thouſand, ſeven hundred and ninety ſix, entitled "an act regulating the grants of land appropriated for military ſervices, and for the ſociety of United Brethren for propagating the goſpel among the Heathen;" and the act ſupplementary to the ſaid recited act paſſed on the ſecond day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine——*to wit:*

I.

THAT the tract of Land herein after deſcribed, namely, "beginning at the North Weſt corner of the ſeven ranges of townſhips, and running thence fifty miles due ſouth, along the weſtern boundary of the ſaid ranges;—thence due Weſt to the Main Branch of the Scioto river; thence up the Main Branch of the ſaid river to the place where the Indian boundary line croſſes the ſame;—thence along the ſaid boundary line to the Tuſcaroras branch of the Muſkingum river at the croſſing place above Fort Lawrence; thence *down* the ſaid river, to the point where a line run due weſt from the place of beginning, will interſect the ſaid river; thence along the line ſo run to the place of beginning;" has been divided into townſhips of five miles ſquare, and fractional parts of townſhips; and that plats and ſurveys of the ſaid townſhips and fractional parts of townſhips are depoſited in the offices of the Regiſter of the Treaſury and Surveyor General, for the inſpection of all perſons concerned.

II.

The holders of ſuch warrants as have been or ſhall be granted for military ſervices performed during the late war, are required to preſent the ſame to the Regiſter of the Treaſury, at ſome time prior to the twelfth day of February in the year, one thouſand eight hundred, for the purpoſe of being regiſtered; No regiſtry will however be made of any leſs quantity than a quarter townſhip, or four thouſand acres.

III.

The priority of location of the warrants which may be preſented and regiſtered in manner aforeſaid, prior to the 12th day of February in the year one thouſand eight hundred, will immediately after the ſaid day, be determined by lot, in the mode dreſcribed by the act firſt recited.

IV

The holders of regiſtered warrants, ſhall on Monday the 17th day of February, in the year 1800. in the order of which the priority of location ſhall be determined by lot as aforeſaid, perſonally, or by their agents, deſignate in writing at the office of the Regiſter of the Treaſury, the particular quarter townſhips elected by them reſpectively, and ſuch of the ſaid holders as ſhall not deſignate their locations on the ſaid day, ſhall be poſtponed in locating ſuch warrants to all other holders of regiſtered warrants.

V.

The holders of warrants for military ſervices ſufficient to cover one or more quarter townſhips or tracts of four thouſand acres each; ſhall, at any time after Monday the 17th day of February, 1800 and prior to the firſt day of January, 1802, be allowed to regiſter the ſaid warrants in manner aforeſaid, and forthwith to make locations therefor on any tract or tracts of land not before located.

VI.

All warrants or claims for lands on account of military ſervices, which ſhall not be regiſtered and located before the firſt day of January, 1802, are by the ſupplementary act of Congreſs herein before recited, paſſed on the ſecond day of March, 1799, declared to be forever barred.

Given under my hand at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.

*OLIVER WOLCOTT.*
*Sec. of the Treaſury.*

## TREASURY DEPARTMENT

JUNE 27, 1798.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by virtue of an act, paſſed during the preſent ſeſſion of Congreſs, ſo much of the act entituled "An Act making further proviſion for the ſupport of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt"—paſſed the third day of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-five, as bars from ſettlement or allowance, Certificates, commonly called Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, and Indents of Intereſts, is ſuſpended until the twelfth day of June, which will be in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine.

That on the liquidation and ſettlement of the ſaid Certificates, and Indents of Intereſt, at the Treaſury, the Creditors will be entitled to receive Certificates of funded Three Per Cent. Stock equal to the amount of the ſaid Indents, and the arrearages of intereſt due on their ſaid Certificates, prior to the firſt day of January one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one.

That the principal ſums of the ſaid Loan Office and final ſettlement Certificates, with the intereſt thereon, ſince the firſt day of January, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety one, will be diſcharged after liquidation at the Treaſury, by the payment of intereſt and reimburſement of principal, equal to the ſums which would have been payable thereon, if the ſaid Certificates had been ſubſcribed, purſuant to the Acts making proviſion for the debts of the United States, contracted during the late war, and by the payment of other ſums, equal to the market value of the remaining Stock, which would have been created by ſuch ſubſcriptions as aforeſaid, which market value will be determined by the Comptroller of the Treaſury.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
*Secretary of the Treaſury.*

june 28 1awtf

*Notice.*

THE ſubſcriber, having been appointed adminiſtrator of the eſtate of Mr. John Lupton, late of this city, merchant, deceaſed, requeſts thoſe who are indebted to ſaid eſtate, to make payment, and thoſe who have demands againſt the ſame to exhibit them to him without delay.

W. MEREDITH,
No. 16, ſouth Fourth ſtreet.

april 26 d6im

Old French Brandy in large and ſmall caſes
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glaſs
20 cheſt pint & half pint Tumblers, aſſorted
226 whole & 6 half-tierces Rice,
FOR SALE BY
*Gurney & Smith.*

may 1, 1799 §

*FOR SALE,*

To be EXCHANGED for property within thirty miles of the city, or to let on ground-rent forever

Several valuable building Lots,

*In Philadelphia;*

Enquire of William M. Biddle. ne. 147, Cheſnut-ſtreet.

nov 22 §

*Notice, agreeably to Charter,*

IS hereby given, to the Members of "the Corporation for the relief of the poor and diſtreſſed Preſbyterian Miniſters, and of the poor and diſtreſſed Widows and Children of Preſbyterian Miniſters, that a meeting of ſaid Corporation is to take place, on Wedneſday the 22d day of the preſent month, in the Second Preſbyterian Church in the city of Philadelphia, at 4 o'clock, P. M. for the diſpatch of all ſuch buſineſs as may be brought before the board.

ASHBEL GREEN,
Sec'ry of the Corporation.

may 2, 1799. dt22ins

*LAST NOTICE.*

ALL perſons having claims againſt the Eſtate of John McGraan, late of Caroline county, in the ſtate of Maryland, deceaſed, are hereby requeſted to meet the ſubſcriber in Denton, at Mr. Benjamin Dinney's, on the 3d Tueſday in May next, with their accounts properly atteſted, that there may be a dividend ſtruck on ſaid eſtate.—— All who neglect this notice will be after excluded,

SAMUEL LECOMPTE, adminiſtrator.

Caroline County, april 8th. 30 §

*Lost, laſt evening,*

A GREY-HOUND,

*of the Engliſh breed;*

HAS a braſs collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a ſmall ſpot on her left ſide; each cheek of a dove colour; anſwers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, ſhall be rewarded.

may 10 §

*For Sale,*

A BROWN HORSE,

Eight years old this ſpring, near fifteen hands high; he goes remarkably well in the chair and eaſy under the ſaddle; he is a good ſound horſe.

Enquire at No. 39, South Fourth ſtreet.

may 10 ¶ eo3t

*The Subſcriber offers for Sale,*

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY.

AN Excellent three ſtory Brick Houſe, ſituate the corner of 7th and Race-ſtreets;—the houſe is about 25 feet front and well finiſhed in every reſpect; the Lot is 76 feet front on Race-ſtreet and 88 feet deep, the ſituation remarkably airy, having a public ſquare open in Front of it.

Two three ſtory Brick Houſes, Brick Stores, and good Wharf, ſituate in Water-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, the lot on which theſe buildings are, is fifty four feet front on Water-ſtreet, and continues that width about 95 feet, then widens to the ſouth 13 feet 6 inches, ſo that the front on the water is ſixty ſeven feet ſix inches, this lot adjoins John Steinmetz eſq. on the ſouth, and has the advantage of a public alley on the north, and is a very deſirable ſituation for the buſineſs of a Flour Factor, or Merchant

A large elegant two ſtory Stone Houſe, ſituate on the Point no Point road, being the firſt houſe to the Northward of the five mile ſtone; this houſe is about 60 feet front and 40 feet deep finiſhed in a neat manner; there is a good garden and choice collection of the beſt fruit trees, Ice-Houſe and other conveniences with about nine acres of ground—or if more agreeable to the purchaſer, thirty two acres of upland and meadow may be added to it.

A plantation in Bibirry Townſhip, Philadelphia county near the Red Lyon, about 13 miles from this city; bounded by the Northampton Road and Poqueſſing Creek, this farm contains about 140 acres of land, a proportion of which is woodland and meadow, a brick dwelling-houſe, frame barn, and other out-houſes, and there is ſaid to be a good ſtone quarry on part of it, although it has not yet been opened, a further deſcription is deemed unneceſſary as no perſon will purchaſe without viewing the premiſes,

A ſmall plantation in Horſham Townſhip, Montgomery county, nineteen miles from Philadelphia, adjoining to Grame Park, on which is an excellent new Stone Houſe and Kitchen, with a large Stone Shed for the accommodation of traveller's horſes; the houſe is now occupied as a tavern, and is ſuitable for any kind of public buſineſs, the land is good in quality, a good neighborhood, and a remarkably healthy ſituation; there is fifty acres of land and meadow in this farm——Alſo for ſale, ſeveral tracts of land in different counties of this ſtate.

☞ The Houſe in Race-ſtreet firſt mentioned and one of the Houſes in Water-ſtreet, are now

*TO BE LET,*

And immediate poſſeſſion given. For terms apply at the South-eaſt corner of Arch and Sixth-ſtreets, to

JOSEPH BALL.

feb 7 th&ſ tf

*Valuable Property for Sale,*

IN Cheſnut, near Sixth ſtreet, directly oppoſite CONGRESS HALL,

A LOT of ground, about 21 feet front in Cheſnut ſtreet and 73 feet in depth, whereon is a good frame houſe, now in the tenure of Samuel Benge, ſubject to a ground rent of 20s. per annum.

The advantageous ſituation of this property requires no comments, for it muſt be known, there are few in this city to equal it, an unexceptionable title will be made to the purchaſer. Apply to

JAMES GIRVAN,

no. 198, Cheſnut ſtreet, next door to the premiſes.

march 5 tu th ſa tf

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tueſday the 20th of Auguſt next, I ſhall expoſe to public ſale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorcheſter county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, ſituated on the ſouth ſide and binding on the Choptank river ſeveral miles, ſuppoſed to contain about ſix thouſand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each: The terms of ſale as follow, viz. Purchaſers to give bond immediately after the ſale with approved ſecurity, conditioned for the payment of the purchaſe money, with intereſt from the day of ſale, in four equal annual inſtalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "An act appointing commiſſioners to contract for and purchaſe the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorcheſter county, and for appropriating the ſame to the uſe of this ſtate, and to repeal the act of aſſembly therein mentioned;" paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1798.

WM MARBURY, Agent
for the ſtate of Maryland.

april 19. d3m

*Removal.*

THOMAS CLAYTON, *Hatter,*

HAS removed to No. 126, fourth Front ſtreet, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs as formerly, and has on hand a complete aſſortment of his own manufactured ladies, gentlemen and childrens'

*HATS.*

*Canada Beaver & Muſk-rat Skins,*

With a complete aſſortment of FURS, always for ſale.—He has received per the late arrivals from London, a complete aſſortment of

*Faſhionable Engliſh Hats,*

Which he now offers for ſale at very reduced prices.

ja... 29 1aw6m

FOR SALE,

50,000 Acres of LAND,

LYING in the county of Ruſſel, ſtate of Virginia, bounded on the eaſt by the river Clinch, on the ſouth by the river Gueſt, and to the weſt by Sandy river. This tract (ſituate ſix miles from the Courthouſe of the above county, 25 from the town of Abington, is well ſettled, and has likewiſe the advantage of a waggon road) is divided into tracts of 10, 5 and 1500 acres each, and will be ſold, altogether, or in lots, as it may ſuit the purchaſers, by one of the owners who will reſide there during the months of May, June and July next, in order to put them who may become purchaſers in poſſeſſion.

The plots duly authenticated and certified by the ſurveyors, are in the hands of the ſubſcribers. Every ſatisfaction will be given with reſpect to the right, to which the patents give full and ample teſtimony. Great accommodations will be made reſpecting payment, and every neceſſary information may be had, by applying to F. & A. TUBEUF.

Peterſburg, Feb. 11. 2aw3m

*FOR SALE,*

*At the two mile ſtone, on the Weſſahickon, or Ridge Road,*

A Place containing about eighty acres, in parts or the whole together, as may ſuit the purchaſer. There is on the premiſes a houſe 47 1-2 feet front, by 43 1-2 deep, a ſcullery, milk houſe, pump, ice houſe, and farm houſe, a large barn, 60 feet by 32, with ſtalls for 25 horſes and cows, a carriage houſe, and a pump of good water in the barn yard, and a ſecond milk houſe ſupplied by a ſpring. The grounds are well manured, and laid out in good ſtile, with an abundance of ornamental, and fruit trees, the ſituation healthy and high, commanding a view of the city and Delaware. There is alſo a ſmall diſtance from the manſion houſe a farm houſe in good repair, with kitchen, ſtable, &c. and a pump of good water: For terms apply to

SAMUEL MEREDITH.
No. 171, Cheſnut Street.

March 12.

*NOTICE,*

A Certificate of one ſhare of Bank Pennſylvania ſtock, No 725, in my name, having been loſt or miſlaid, application is made at the ſaid Bank for renewal of the ſame; all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

JOHN VAUGHAN.

april 20 d6w

Patent Ploughs,

TO be ſold for caſh by Joſeph Salter at Aſſion Richard Wells, Cooper's Ferry—Jonathan Harker, Woodbury—and Jeſſe Evans, Lumberton. Thoſe who have uſed them give them the preference to any other kind, as they require leſs team, break the ground better, are kept in order at leſs expence and are ſold at a cheaper rate—the plan is much ſimplified and conſiſts of but one piece of caſt iron, with the handles and beam of wood; they may be fixed with wrought lays and coulters to be put on with ſcrews and taken off at pleaſure

Patent rights for vending with inſtructions for making them may be had by applying to John Newbold, or the ſubſcriber No. 212 North Front-ſtreet.

*Who has for Sale;*
*Or to Leaſe for a term of Years,*

A number of valuable tracts of Land, well ſituated for Mills, Iron Works or Farms, moſtly improved, lying chiefly in the county of Huntingdon ſtate of Pennſylvania. Thoſe who may incline to view them will pleaſe to apply to John Canan eſq. near Huntingdon.

*Charles Newbold.*

july 17 2awtf

Valuable Property for Sale.

*FOR SALE,*

THAT well known Eſtate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the reſidence of General John Cadwaladar, ſituate on Saſſafras River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND, upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and conſiſt of a handſome Dwelling Houſe, two large Barns with Cow houſes, Stables for fifty horſes, a ſpacious treading floor under cover, a granary, two Overſeer's houſes, two ranges of two ſtory buildings for Negroes (one of them new and of brick), Corn houſes a Smoak houſe, &c. &c.—The whole Eſtate being nearly ſurrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fiſhery. It is conveniently ſituated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a ſhort ſail from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premiſes; alſo, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The ſoil is moſtly a rich loam.—The whole will be ſold together or divided into ſmaller farms (for which the buildings are conveniently ſituated) as may ſuit the purchaſer. The Stock on ſaid Farm, conſiſting of Horſes, Cattle, Sheep &c. will alſo be diſpoſed of.—For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS on the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL, JUN.

December 12. m. tf.

*NOTICE.*

THE Following certificates of ſhares of the ſtock of the Bank of the United States have been loſt or deſtroyed at ſea, *to wit* 13 ſhares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 ſhares No 4185. 5 ſhares No 4186. and 3 ſhares No 4187; and 6 ſhares in the name of John Barker Church, No 2058. which were forwarded by the Counteſs of Leiceſter packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten ſhares of ſaid ſtock in the name of Stadnitſki & Son, of Amſterdam, No 1796. which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the ſaid Bank, and all perſons concerned are deſired to take notice.

CLEMENT BIDDLE.

march 12 d3m

*A Place Wanted,*

A SITUATION in a Merchant's Compting Houſe is deſired, for a Youth, of the age of 17, of reputable connections, and poſſeſſing the requiſite acquirements. Apply to the printer.

april 24 eo6t

*NOTICE.*

THE Public are requeſted not to receive any drafts, notes, obligations or bills of any kind drawn in favor of or indorſed by

*Abijah Hunt.*
*J. & A. Hunt.*
*Jeſſe & Abijah Hunt.*
*Jeremiah & Abijah Hunt.*
*Abijah & Jno. W. Hunt.*
*Snodgraſs, & Co.*

Thoſe on whom they are drawn are alſo deſired to ſuſpend acceptance, until reference be had to the ſubſcriber.

About twenty thouſand Dollars of bills of the above deſcription having been taken from the carrier near the mouth of Tenneſſee river by a party of Indians. SAMUEL MEEKER.

april 26. tu th&ſ tf

*To be Let,*

TWO HOUSES,

No. 151 and No. 153, on the Eaſt ſide of Second ſtreet, near Spruce ſtreet, and three Graſs Lots near the city. For terms, apply to

CHARLES WHARTON,
No. 136, South Second ſtreet.

*Who has for Sale,*

Five boxes of Lenaws
One hundred boxes of Tea China
Black, blue and colored Luteſtrings
Silk Umbrellas, &c. &c.

may 1 ¶ eo3t

*THE COMMISSIONERS,*

APPOINTED by the Corporation to open Books of Subſcription for a Loan to introduce *WHOLESOME WATER* from the River Schuylkill by means of Steam Engines (already contracted for) to the Center Square and from thence to be diſtributed through the City, give

*NOTICE,*

THAT a book will be opened at the City Hall to-morrow, the 13th inſtant, and will be continued from day to day, until the Loan is compleated, where the commiſſioners will attend from 10 o'clock in the morning until one, to receive ſubſcriptions.

By order of the Board,

*Jacob Shoemaker, ſec'y.*

2d mo. 12.

N. B. Ten dollars to be paid on each ſhare at the time of Subſcribing,

30 dollars at the expiration of two months } From the time
30 ditto, ditto, 4 months } of
30 ditto, ditto, 6 months } ſubſcribing

*To be Sold at Private Sale,*

TWO tracts of Land, being the eſtate of doctor Samuel Cooper, lately deceaſed, lying in Talbot county on the Waters of Tuckahoe Creek in the ſtate of Maryland.

*One* of them immediately on the ſaid creek is part of a tract called *Hampton*, and part of another tract called *Rich Range*, containing about Two Hundred acres; there are on the ſaid plantation a tolerable good dwelling houſe and kitchen, and ſome uſeful outhouſes, an apple orchard, and a ſpring of excellent water; this place, about five or ſix miles from *Tuckahoe Bridge*, and about four miles from *Kingſtown*, is bounded in part by lands now or lately of William Sherwood, and of Hugh Work, in the heart of the fiſheries, and conveniently ſituated for a perſon in the trading or veſſel line.

The *other* is a *Plantation* one or two miles diſtant from the above, being part of a tract called *Dudleys Choice*, and part of a tract called *Strawbridge*, containing about two hundred and thirty ſeven acres—This place well timbered, is bounded in part by the lands now or lately of William Heyward and thoſe of George Wilſon—there is a dwelling houſe thereon, and ſome other improvements not conſiderable.

The payments will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, or purchaſers, upon ſecurity being given in a ſatisfactory manner.—For terms apply

*SAMUEL COATES,*
*THOMAS MORRIS,*
*ELLISTON PEROT,* } Surviving Executors to Eſtate of Samuel Cooper, deceaſed, in Philadelphia.

Or to TRISTAM NEEDLE, at King's Creek, in Talbot county, Maryland.

april 23 ¶ eo6im

*NOTICE.*

THE creditors of TODD & MOTT are requeſted to leave their accounts calculating intereſt to the 22d of November, 1798, the date of Todd and Motts's aſſignment, with W. MOTT, no. 145, Market ſtreet, on or before the firſt of July next, as a dividend will be immediately made after that time; thoſe who neglect to ſend in their accounts will be excluded from that dividend.

*John Waddington,*
*John Rhodes,*
*John Allen* } Aſſignees.

april 13, 1799 taw t1Jy

ALL PERSONS,

INDEBTED to the Eſtate of ABRAHAM DICKS, ESQ. late Sheriff of the County of Delaware, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and all thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid Eſtate to authenticate and preſent them for ſettlement. Alſo, all thoſe who have depoſited writings with ſaid deceaſed to apply for them to

WILLIAM PENNOCK. Adm'r.

Springfield, Delaware county, 1ſt mo. 8th, 1799.

jan. 8 1awtf

*To be Let,*

A Store and Loft,

NEAR Market-ſtreet Wharf.—Enquire of the Subſcriber,

*GEO. DAVIS,*
319 High-ſtrreet.

feb 11 2awtf

*NOTICE.*

ALL perſons having any demands on the *Chevalier de Freire*, Miniſter of Portugal, are deſired to preſent, without loſs of time, their accounts to his Steward, Mr. Rapin, that they may be immediately paid.

Franklin Court,
the 26th April, 1799. d3t

At a Court of Common Pleas, held at Greenſburg, for the county of Weſtmoreland, the ſecond Monday in March, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety nine, preſent Alexander Addiſon, Eſq. Preſident, and his Aſſociates, Judges of the ſame Court.

ON the petition of LUCAS S. GIBBS, an inſolvent debtor, to the Court of Common Pleas, for the county aforeſaid, praying for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of ſuch perſons, and ſubjoining a liſt of his creditors and effects on oath, the Court appoint the ſecond Monday in June next, for hearing the petitioner and his creditors, and direct that notice thereof be given in Fenno's daily paper of the city of Philadelphia, in one of the Baltimore papers, and in the Fayette gazette, by being inſerted therein, in three ſucceſſive papers, at leaſt three weeks previous to the day of hearing.

By order of Court,

THOMAS HAMILTON, Proth'y

april 26. 1aw3w—af. d3t.

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